

1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100.

1. $f: \mathbb{N} \rightarrow \mathbb{N}$
 $f(f(n)) = f(n+1) - f(n), \quad n \in \mathbb{N}?$

I : .

$$f(n+1) - f(n) = f(f(n)) \geq 1, \quad \text{, } f(n) \geq n,$$

$$n. \quad f(n+1) = f(n) + f(f(n)) \geq n + f(n) \geq 2n,$$

$$f(n) \geq 2(n-1) = 2n - 2.$$

$$f(f(n)) = f(n+1) - f(n) < f(n+1),$$

$$f(n) < n+1.$$

$$2(n-1) \leq f(n) < n+1,$$

$n,$, .
II : ,
 $a = f(1).$ $n = 1,$ -
 $f(a) = f(2) - a,$ -
 $f(a) < f(2).$,
 $a < 2.$ $a = 1,$ $f(1) = 1.$, $f(2) = a + f(a) = 2.$
 $n = 2$,
 $f(f(2)) = f(3) - f(2),$
 $f(3) = 4.$
 $n = 3$
 $f(f(3)) = f(4) - f(3)$
 $f(4) = f(4) - 4$
 $0 = -4,$

2. $f : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R},$
 $x, y \in \mathbb{R}$
 $f(x + yf(x)) = f(xf(y)) - x + f(y + f(x)).$
 $x = y = 0,$ $f(f(0)) = 0.$ -
 $x = y = 1,$ $f(f(1)) = 1.$ -
 $x = 1$ $y = 0,$ $f(1) = 0,$
 $f(0) = f(f(1)) = 1.$ $y = 0,$ $f(f(x)) = x,$
 $x \in \mathbb{R}.$, $x = 1,$
 $f(1 + yf(1)) = f(f(y)) - 1 + f(y),$
 $f(y) = 1 - y,$ $y \in \mathbb{R}.$
 $f(x) = 1 - x$ -

$$1 - (x + y(1 - x)) = 1 - x - y + xy = 1 - x(1 - y) - x + 1 - (y + 1 - x).$$

3. $f : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$:
) $M,$ $|f(x)| \leq M,$ $x \in \mathbb{R};$
) x

$$f(x + \frac{1}{2}) + f(x + \frac{1}{3}) = f(x) + f(x + \frac{5}{6}).$$

$$T, \quad f(x+T) = f(x), \quad x \in \mathbb{R}.$$

$$f(x) - f(x + \frac{1}{2}) = f(x + \frac{1}{3}) - f(x + \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{2}), \quad x \in \mathbb{R},$$

$$g(x) = f(x) - f(x + \frac{1}{2}) \quad \frac{1}{3}.$$

$$f(x) - f(x+1) = g(x) - g(x + \frac{1}{2}).$$

$$h(x) = f(x) - f(x+1) \quad 1.$$

$$f(x) - f(x+2) = h(x) - h(x+1) = 2h(x) = 2(f(x) - f(x+1)).$$

$$f(x) - f(x+n) = n(f(x) - f(x+1)),$$

$$j \quad x \in \mathbb{R} \quad n \in \mathbb{N}.$$

$$n=1. \quad n+1,$$

$$\begin{aligned} f(x) - f(x+n+1) &= f(x) - f(x+n) + f(x+n) - f(x+1) \\ &= n(f(x) - f(x+1)) + h(x+n) \\ &= n(f(x) - f(x+1)) + h(x) \\ &= (n+1)(f(x) - f(x+1)), \end{aligned}$$

$$n+1.$$

n.

$$f(x) \leq M, \quad \dots$$

$$M \quad |f(x)| \leq M \quad x.$$

$$|f(x) - f(y)| \leq |f(x)| + |f(y)| \leq 2M,$$

$$x, y.$$

$$x \quad f(x) \neq f(x+1).$$

$$n,$$

$$|f(x) - f(x+n)| = n |f(x) - f(x+1)| > 2M,$$

$$, \quad f(x) = f(x+1) \quad x, \quad f$$

$$1.$$

4.

 a

$$f: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$$

$$f(x + f(y)) = f(x) + a \lfloor y \rfloor,$$

$$x, y \in \mathbb{R}, \lfloor y \rfloor \in \mathbb{Z}.$$

$$\lfloor 1,7 \rfloor = 1, \lfloor -3,6 \rfloor = -4, \lfloor 0 \rfloor = 0.$$

$$a = 0, \quad f(x) = 0,$$

 $x,$

$$a \neq 0. \quad y, z \in \mathbb{R}, \quad f(y) = f(z).$$

$$f(x) + a \lfloor y \rfloor = f(x + f(y)) = f(x + f(z)) = f(x) + a \lfloor z \rfloor,$$

$$\lfloor y \rfloor = \lfloor z \rfloor.$$

$$(x, y) = (0, 0),$$

$$f(f(0)) = f(0),$$

$$f((n+1)f(0)) = f(nf(0) + f(0)) = f(nf(0)) + a \lfloor 0 \rfloor = f(nf(0)),$$

$$f(nf(0)) = f(0),$$

 $n.$

$$\lfloor nf(0) \rfloor = \lfloor f(0) \rfloor,$$

$$n, \quad f(0) = 0, \quad f(f(1)) = a.$$

$$(x, y) = (-f(1), 1),$$

$$0 = f(-f(1) + f(1)) = f(-f(1)) + a,$$

$$f(-f(1)) = -a. \quad (x, y) = (a, -f(1)),$$

$$0 = f(a - a) = f(a + f(-f(1))) = f(a) + a \lfloor -f(1) \rfloor.$$

$$\lfloor -f(1) \rfloor = \lfloor -f(1) \rfloor, \quad f(1) \in \mathbb{Z},$$

$$f(a) = af(1).$$

$$n, \quad (na, f(1))$$

$$f((n+1)a) = f(na + f(f(1))) = f(na) + af(1).$$

$$f(na) = naf(1), \quad n \in \mathbb{N}, \quad f(f(n)) = an,$$

$$n \in \mathbb{N}.$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \quad \quad \quad , \quad n \\
 & \quad \quad \quad (-na, f(n)), \\
 & \quad \quad \quad , \\
 & \quad \quad \quad 0 = f(-na + f(f(n))) = f(-na) + a \lfloor f(n) \rfloor, \\
 & f(-na) = -a \lfloor f(n) \rfloor. \quad , \quad (-f(n), n), \\
 & \quad \quad \quad , \\
 & \quad \quad \quad 0 = f(-f(n) + f(n)) = f(-f(n)) + an, \\
 & f(-f(n)) = -na. \quad (na, -f(n)), \\
 & \quad \quad \quad , \\
 & \quad \quad \quad 0 = f(na - na) = f(na + f(-f(n))) = f(na) + a \lfloor -f(n) \rfloor. \\
 & \quad \quad \quad , \quad f(1), \quad f(n) \in \mathbb{Z}. \\
 & anf(1) = f(na) = af(n), \quad f(n) = nf(1). \\
 & \quad \quad \quad f(1).
 \end{aligned}$$

- 1) $f(x) > 0, \quad f(1) \in \mathbb{N}, \quad a = f(f(1)) = f(1)^2$
 - 2) $f(1) < 0, \quad -f(1) \in \mathbb{N}, \quad -a = f(-f(1)) = -f(1)^2.$
- $$a = f(1)^2, \quad a$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \quad \quad \quad : a \\
 & a = m^2, \quad m \\
 & f(x) = m \lfloor x \rfloor, \quad x \in \mathbb{R},
 \end{aligned}$$

5. r . $f : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$,
 $x, y \in \mathbb{R}$

$$f(x+r + f(y)) = f(f(x)) + f(r) + y. \quad (1)$$

$$(1) \quad (x, y) = (-r, -r)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & f(f(-r)) = f(f(-r)) + f(r) - r, \\
 & f(r) = r.
 \end{aligned}$$

$$(1) \quad (x, y) = (-r, r)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & r = f(f(r)) = f(f(-r)) + r + r, \\
 & f(f(-r)) = -r.
 \end{aligned}$$

$$a = f(-r). \quad f(a) = -r.$$

$$(x, y) = (r, a), \quad (1), \quad r = 2r + a, \quad a = -r.$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & , \quad y = -r, \quad (1) \quad f(x) = f(f(x)), \\
 & x, \quad x = -r, \quad f(f(y)) = y, \\
 & y.
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & f(x) = f(f(x)) = x, \quad x. \\
 & , \quad f(x) = x, \quad x \in \mathbb{R}
 \end{aligned}$$

6. $f : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$

$x \ y$

$$f(xf(y)) + f(x^2) = f(x)(x + f(y)) \quad (1)$$

$$f(2) = 3. \quad f(2^{2016}).$$

$$(x, y) = (0, 0) \quad (1) \quad 2f(0) = f(0)^2.$$

$$, \quad : f(0) = 2 \quad f(0) = 0.$$

$$f(0) = 2, \quad (1) \quad (x, y) = (1, 0)$$

$$f(f(0)) = f(1)f(0), \quad \dots 3 = f(2) = 2f(1).$$

$$, f(1) = \frac{3}{2}. \quad (1) \quad (x, y) = (0, 1)$$

$$2f(0) = f(0)f(1),$$

$$\dots 2f(0) = \frac{3}{2}f(0), \quad f(0) = 0, \quad .$$

$$f(0) = 0, \quad (1) \quad y = 0 \quad f(x^2) = f(x)x,$$

$$(1) \quad f(xf(y)) = f(x)f(y). \quad y = x,$$

$$f(xf(x)) = f(x^2). \quad f, \quad ,$$

$$f(f(xf(y)) + f(x^2)) = f(f(x)(x + f(y))),$$

$$x = y \quad f(xf(x)) = f(x^2),$$

$$f(f(x^2)) = f(f(x)x) = f(x)^2.$$

$$x = 1 \quad f(xf(y)) = f(x)f(y), \quad f(f(y)) = f(1)f(y),$$

$$f(f(x^2)) = f(x)^2,$$

$$xf(x)f(1) = f(x^2)f(1) = f(f(x^2)) = f(x)^2.$$

$$, \quad x \quad f(x) = xf(1) \quad f(x) = 0.$$

$$f(2) \neq 0, \quad f(3x) = 3f(x),$$

$$f(3^{2016}) = \frac{1}{2} \cdot 3^{2017}.$$

$$(1) \quad y = 1 \quad f(x^2) = f(x)x$$

$$f(1) = \frac{3}{2}$$

$$f\left(\frac{3}{2}x\right) = \frac{3}{2}f(x),$$

$$f(2^{2016}) = 3 \cdot 2^{2015}.$$

$$f(x) = \frac{3}{2}x$$

7. $f: \mathbb{R}^+ \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$

$$\left(x + \frac{1}{x}\right)f(y) = f(xy) + f\left(\frac{y}{x}\right),$$

$$x, y \in \mathbb{R}^+, \quad \mathbb{R}^+$$

$$f(x) = g(x) + Kx + \frac{L}{x}, \quad 0 < a \neq 1. \quad K \quad L$$

$$f(1) = 0, \quad f(a) = 0. \quad K \quad L$$

$$(x, y) = (a, a), \quad f(a^2) = 0,$$

$$(x, y) = (a, a^2), \quad f(a^3) = 0,$$

$$(x, y) = (a, a^{n-1}),$$

$$f(a^n) = 0, \quad f(a^k) = 0, \quad k \in \mathbb{Z}.$$

$$y = a^k x,$$

$$\left(x + \frac{1}{x}\right)f(a^k x) = f(a^k x^2). \quad (1)$$

$$(x, y) = (a^k x, x),$$

$$\left(a^k x + \frac{1}{a^k x}\right)f(x) = f(a^k x^2). \quad (2)$$

$$(1) \quad x \quad ax,$$

$$\left(ax + \frac{1}{ax}\right)f(a^{k+1}x) = f(a^{k+2}x^2). \quad (3)$$

$$(2) \quad k \quad k + 2,$$

$$\left(a^{k+2}x + \frac{1}{a^{k+2}x}\right)f(x) = f(a^{k+2}x^2). \quad (4)$$

(1) (2), $f(x) \neq 0,$

$$\frac{f(a^k x)}{f(x)} = \frac{a^k x + a^{-k} x^{-1}}{x + x^{-1}}. \tag{5}$$

(3) (4), $f(x) \neq 0,$

$$\frac{f(a^{k+1} x)}{f(x)} = \frac{a^{k+2} kx + a^{-k-2} x^{-1}}{ax + a^{-1} x^{-1}}. \tag{6}$$

(5) k $k+1$ (5) (6),

$$a^{k+2} + \frac{1}{a^{k+2}} = a^k + \frac{1}{a^k}.$$

$$, \quad k \in \mathbb{N},$$

$$a^{2k+2}(a^2 - 1) = a^2 - 1,$$

$$a = \pm 1,$$

$$f(x) = 0.$$

$$g,$$

$$g(x) = Kx + \frac{L}{x}.$$

$$g$$

8.

$$f : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$$

x, y

$$f(xf(y)) = (1 - y)f(xy) + x^2 y^2 f(y).$$

$$P(x, y),$$

x

y

$$P(0,1): f(0) = 0$$

$$P(1,1): f(f(1)) = f(1)$$

$$P(1, f(1)): f(f(f(1))) = (1 - f(1)) \cdot f(f(1)) + f(1)^2 \cdot f(f(1)).$$

$$f(1) = (1 - f(1)) \cdot f(1) + f(1)^3 \quad f(1)^2 = f(1)^3.$$

$$: f(1) = 1 \quad f(1) = 0.$$

$$f(1) = 1$$

$$P(x,1): f(x \cdot 0) = x^2,$$

$$f(x) = x^2, \quad x.$$

$$f(1) = 0.$$

c

$f.$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & P(x,c): 0 = (1-c)f(xc). \\
 & , \quad c \neq 1, \quad f(cx) = 0 \quad x \in \mathbb{R}. \quad c \neq 0, \\
 & \quad f(x) = 0 \quad x \in \mathbb{R}. \\
 & f \equiv 0. \\
 & , \quad f \\
 & \quad 0 \quad 1 \\
 & f.
 \end{aligned}$$

$$P(1,y): f(f(y)) = (1-y)f(y) + y^2 f(y) = (1-y+y^2)f(y), \quad (7)$$

$x \neq 0,$

$$P\left(\frac{1}{x}, x\right): f\left(\frac{f(x)}{x}\right) = f(x),$$

$$f(1) = 0.$$

$$y_1, y_2 \in \mathbb{R} \setminus \{0,1\} \quad f(y_1) = f(y_2) \neq 0. \quad -$$

$$1 - y_1 + y_1^2 = 1 - y_2 + y_2^2, \quad \dots \quad (y_1 - y_2)(y_1 + y_2 - 1) = 0.$$

$$f(y_1) = f(y_2) \Rightarrow y_1 = y_2 \quad y_1 + y_2 = 1. \quad x \neq 0,1,$$

$$\frac{f(x)}{x} = x \quad \frac{f(x)}{x} + x = 1,$$

$$f(x) = x^2 \quad f(x) = x - x^2.$$

$$x \in \mathbb{R}, \quad x \notin \{0,1\} \quad x \quad f(x) = x^2.$$

$$y = x \quad (7)$$

$$f(x^2) = (1-x+x^2)x^2.$$

$$: f(x^2) = x^4 \quad f(x^2) = x^2 - x^4.$$

$$x^4 = (1-x+x^2)x^2, \quad x=0 \quad x=1.$$

$$x \notin \{0,1\},$$

$$x^2 - x^4 = (1-x+x^2)x^2, \quad x=0$$

$$x = \frac{1}{2}. \quad x=0, \quad x = \frac{1}{2},$$

$$f\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^2 = \frac{1}{4} = \frac{1}{2} - \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^2.$$

$$\begin{aligned} & x \notin \{0,1\}, & f(x) = x - x^2. \\ & x = 0,1, & \\ & f(x) = x - x^2, & x. \\ & & f(x), \\ & & f \equiv 0 \quad f(x) = x - x^2, \\ & x. & \end{aligned}$$