

($\triangle ABC$ $d > 0$) a, b, c $a, a+d, a+2d$, $d = 0$,
 $\triangle ABC$,

$a+b > c$, $a+a+d > a+2d$, $a > d$, $0 < d < a$.
 $\triangle ABC$ -
 $\triangle ABC$ - AB $\triangle ABC$ -

C

$$\cos \gamma = \frac{\overline{AC}^2 + \overline{BC}^2 - \overline{AB}^2}{2\overline{AC} \cdot \overline{BC}} = \frac{a^2 + (a+d)^2 - (a+2d)^2}{2a(a+d)} = \frac{a-3d}{2a}$$

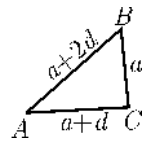
1.) $d = \frac{a}{3}$, $\triangle ABC$ (?).

) $\triangle ABC$ $d = \frac{a}{3}$.
 $a^2 + (a+d)^2 = (a+2d)^2$,
 $a^2 - 3d^2 - 2ad = 0$. $2ad = 3ad - ad$, $(a-3d)(a+d) = 0$.
 $a, d > 0$ $a+d \neq 0$, $a-3d = 0$, $\dots d = \frac{a}{3}$.

$\triangle ABC$ $d = \frac{a}{3}$.

2.) $0 < d < \frac{a}{3}$, $\triangle ABC$.

$0 < d < \frac{a}{3}$ $0 < 3d < a$, $\dots -a < -3d < 0$,
 $0 < a-3d < a$. $2a > 0$ $\frac{0}{2a} < \frac{a-3d}{2a} < \frac{a}{2a}$, \dots



$0 < \cos \gamma < \frac{1}{2}$. $\gamma \in \left(0, \frac{\pi}{3}\right)$,

$\triangle ABC$, $\triangle ABC$.

) , $ABC-$, $0 < d < \frac{a}{3}$.

. $ABC-$. $0 < \cos \gamma < 1$,

$$0 < \frac{a-3d}{2a} < 1, 0 < a-3d < 2a, -a < -3d < a,$$

$$3d > 0, \quad 0 < 3d < a, \quad \dots 0 < d < \frac{a}{3}.$$

T $ABC-$ $0 < d < \frac{a}{3}$.

3.) $\frac{a}{3} < d < a$, $ABC-$.

. $\frac{a}{3} < d < a$, $-3a < -3d < -a$, $\dots -2a < a-3d < 0$.

$2a > 0$, $\frac{-2a}{2a} < \frac{a-3d}{2a} < \frac{0}{2a}$, $\dots -1 < \cos \gamma < 0$, $\gamma > 90^\circ$,

$ABC-$.

) $ABC-$, $\frac{a}{3} < d < a$.

. $ABC-$

$$-1 < \cos \gamma < 0, -1 < \frac{a-3d}{2a} < 0, -2a < a-3d < 0, a < 3d < 3a, \frac{a}{3} < d < a.$$

$ABC-$ $\frac{a}{3} < d < a$.

. $L = a + (a+d) + (a+2d) = 3(a+d)$, \dots

$ABC-$ -

$L = 3a + 3d = 3a + a = 4a$, a .

. s $ABC-$.

$$s = \frac{L}{2} = \frac{3(a+d)}{2}.$$

$$P = \sqrt{s(s-a)(s-a-d)(s-a-2d)}, \dots P = \frac{a+d}{4} \sqrt{3(a+3d)(a-d)}.$$

$ABC-$

$$P = \frac{a + \frac{a}{3}}{4} \sqrt{3 \left(a + 3 \frac{a}{3} \right) \left(a - \frac{a}{3} \right)} = \frac{2}{3} a^2 .$$

, ABC- $\frac{2}{3}$

a .

$$h_a = \frac{2P}{a}, h_b = \frac{2P}{b}, h_c = \frac{2P}{c} . \quad \text{UABC -}$$

$$h_a = \frac{a+d}{2a} \sqrt{3(a+3d)(a-d)};$$

$$h_{a+d} = \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{3(a+3d)(a-d)};$$

$$h_{a+2d} = \frac{a+d}{2(a+2d)} \sqrt{3(a+3d)(a-d)}$$

h_a, h_{a+d}, h_{a+2d} ?

$$a < a+d < a+2d \quad h_a > h_{a+d} > h_{a+2d} \quad (\quad ?). \quad h_a + h_{a+2d} = 2h_{a+d} ,$$

$$\frac{a+d}{2a} \sqrt{3(a+3d)(a-d)} + \frac{a+d}{2(a+2d)} \sqrt{3(a+3d)(a-d)} = 2 \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{3(a+3d)(a-d)} .$$

$$\sqrt{3(a+3d)(a-d)} \neq 0 ,$$

$$\frac{a+d}{2a} + \frac{a+2d}{2(a+2d)} = 1$$

.. d=0,

ABC-

ABC-

ABC-

$$h_{a+d}^2 = h_a h_{a+2d} ,$$

$$\left(\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{3(a+3d)(a-d)} \right)^2 = \frac{a+d}{2a} \sqrt{3(a+3d)(a-d)} \frac{a+d}{2(a+2d)} \sqrt{3(a+3d)(a-d)}$$

..

$$\frac{a+d}{a} - \frac{a+d}{a+2d} = 1 ,$$

d=0.

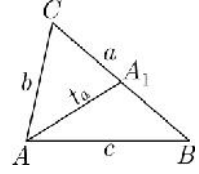
ABC-

$$t_a = \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{2b^2 + 2c^2 - a^2}, t_b = \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{2a^2 + 2c^2 - b^2}, t_c = \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{2a^2 + 2b^2 - c^2}.$$

t_a

a

ABA₁,



$$c^2 = t_a^2 + \frac{a^2}{4} - 2t_a \frac{a}{2} \cos \sphericalangle AA_1 B; \sphericalangle AA_1 C = \pi - \sphericalangle AA_1 B$$

$$\cos \sphericalangle AA_1 C = \cos(\pi - \sphericalangle AA_1 B) = -\cos \sphericalangle AA_1 B.$$

ACA₁

$$b^2 = t_a^2 + \frac{a^2}{4} - 2t_a \frac{a}{2} \cos \sphericalangle AA_1 C = t_a^2 + \frac{a^2}{4} + 2t_a \frac{a}{2} \cos \sphericalangle AA_1 B.$$

$$c^2 + b^2 = 2t_a^2 + \frac{a^2}{2}.$$

$$t_a = \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{2b^2 + 2c^2 - a^2}.$$

ABC-

$$t_a = \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{3a^2 + 12ad + 10d^2}, t_{a+d} = \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{3a^2 + 6ad + 7d^2}, t_{a+2d} = \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{3a^2 - 2d^2},$$

$$a, b = a + d \quad c = a + 2d.$$

$a, b \quad c$

$$t_a^2 + t_b^2 + t_c^2 = \frac{3}{4}(a^2 + b^2 + c^2).$$

$$t_a^2 = \frac{1}{4}(2b^2 + 2c^2 - a^2), t_b^2 = \frac{1}{4}(2a^2 + 2c^2 - b^2) \quad t_c^2 = \frac{1}{4}(2a^2 + 2b^2 - c^2)$$

$$t_a^2 + t_b^2 + t_c^2 = \frac{3}{4}a^2 + \frac{3}{4}b^2 + \frac{3}{4}c^2 = \frac{3}{4}(a^2 + b^2 + c^2).$$

ABC-

$$t_a^2 + t_{a+d}^2 + t_{a+2d}^2 = \frac{25}{6}a^2.$$

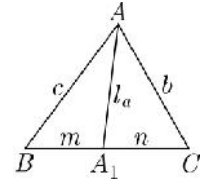
a, b, c

$$l_a = \frac{1}{b+c} \sqrt{bc[(b+c)^2 - a^2]},$$

$$l_b = \frac{1}{a+c} \sqrt{ac[(a+c)^2 - b^2]},$$

$$l_c = \frac{1}{a+b} \sqrt{ab[(a+b)^2 - c^2]}$$

l_a a c b , $m:n=c:b$, AA_1B



AA_1C

$$\frac{c}{m} = \frac{\sin \sphericalangle AA_1B}{\sin \frac{\sphericalangle BAA_1}{2}} \quad \frac{b}{n} = \frac{\sin \sphericalangle (\pi - AA_1B)}{\sin \frac{\sphericalangle CAA_1}{2}} = \frac{\sin \sphericalangle AA_1B}{\sin \frac{\sphericalangle BAA_1}{2}}$$

$$m:n=c:b, \quad m+n=a, \quad : m = \frac{ac}{b+c},$$

$$n = \frac{ab}{b+c}$$

AA_1B AA_1C

$$\cos \frac{\sphericalangle BAA_1}{2} = \frac{l_a^2 + c^2 - m^2}{2l_a m} \quad \cos \frac{\sphericalangle CAA_1}{2} = \frac{l_a^2 + b^2 - n^2}{2l_a n}$$

$$(l_a^2 + c^2 - m^2)n = (l_a^2 + b^2 - n^2)m, \dots l_a^2 = \frac{nc^2 - mb^2}{m-n} - mn$$

m, n

$$l_a^2 = \frac{bc[(b+c)^2 - a^2]}{(b+c)^2}, \dots l_a = \frac{1}{b+c} \sqrt{bc[(b+c)^2 - a^2]}$$

ABC-

$$l_a = \frac{a+d}{2a+3d} \sqrt{3(a+2d)(a+3d)}, \quad l_{a+d} = \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{3a(a+2d)}, \quad l_{a+2d} = \frac{a+d}{2a+d} \sqrt{3a(a-d)}$$

$$\frac{a+d}{2} - \frac{a}{2} = \frac{d}{2} \quad \frac{a+2d}{2} - \frac{a+d}{2} = \frac{d}{2}$$

$$\frac{a}{2}, \frac{a+d}{2}, \frac{a+2d}{2}$$

ABC-

$$\frac{a}{2}, \frac{a+d}{2}, \frac{a+2d}{2},$$

$$\frac{a+d}{2} - \frac{a}{2} = \frac{a+2d}{2} - \frac{a+d}{2}$$

ABC-

? , $a(a+2d) = (a+d)^2$ $d=0, \dots$

ABC-

$$0 < d < \frac{a}{3}$$

$$\frac{a}{3} < d < a$$

$$d = \frac{a}{3},$$

$$R = \frac{R}{\overline{AB} \cdot \overline{BC} \cdot \overline{CA}} = \frac{a(a+d)(a+2d)}{4 \frac{a+d}{4} \sqrt{3(a+3d)(a-d)}} = \frac{a+2d}{\sqrt{3(a+3d)(a-d)}}.$$

ABC- , $d = \frac{a}{3}$ $R = \frac{5}{6}a.$

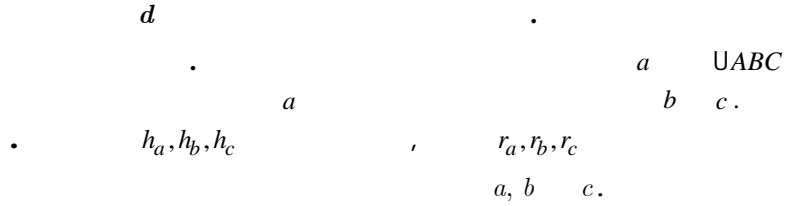
$$r = \frac{2 \frac{a+d}{4} \sqrt{3(a+3d)(a-d)}}{a+a+d+a+2d} = \frac{\sqrt{3(a+3d)(a-d)}}{6}.$$

$$6Rr = a(a+2d) \quad R - r = \frac{a}{2}.$$

$$6Rr.$$

$$d = \frac{a}{3}, \quad r = \frac{a}{3} = d.$$

ABC-



$$\frac{1}{r_a} = \frac{1}{h_b} + \frac{1}{h_c} - \frac{1}{h_a}, \quad \frac{1}{r_b} = \frac{1}{h_c} + \frac{1}{h_a} - \frac{1}{h_b}, \quad \frac{1}{r_c} = \frac{1}{h_b} + \frac{1}{h_a} - \frac{1}{h_c}$$

S

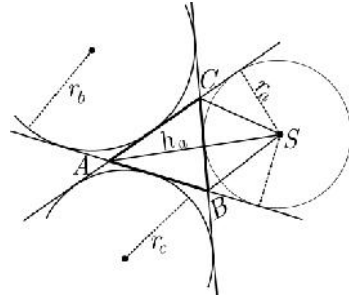
a.

$$P_{ABS} + P_{ACS} - P_{BCS} = P_{ABC}, \dots$$

$$\frac{1}{2}r_a c + \frac{1}{2}r_a b - \frac{1}{2}r_a a = \frac{1}{2}ah_a.$$

$$r_a = \frac{ah_a}{b+c-a}$$

$$a:b = h_b:h_a \quad a:c = h_c:h_a, \quad b = \frac{ah_a}{h_b} \quad c = \frac{ah_a}{h_c}.$$



(*)

b c (*)

$$r_a = \frac{h_a h_b h_c}{h_a h_b + h_a h_c - h_b h_c}, \dots \frac{1}{r_a} = \frac{1}{h_c} + \frac{1}{h_b} - \frac{1}{h_a}.$$

ABC-

$$\frac{1}{r_a} = \frac{1}{h_{a+d}} + \frac{1}{h_{a+2d}} - \frac{1}{h_a} = \frac{1}{\frac{2P}{a+d}} + \frac{1}{\frac{2P}{a+2d}} - \frac{1}{\frac{2P}{a}} = \frac{a+d}{2P} + \frac{a+2d}{2P} - \frac{a}{2P} = \frac{a+3d}{2P}$$

$$r_a = \frac{2P}{a+3d} = \frac{a+d}{2} \sqrt{\frac{3(a+3d)}{a+d}}.$$

$$r_{a+d} = \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{3(a+3d)(a-d)}, \quad r_{a+2d} = \frac{a+2d}{2} \sqrt{\frac{3(a+3d)}{a+d}}.$$

ABC -

$$r_a = \frac{2}{3}a, \quad r_{a+d} = a, \quad r_{a+2d} = 2a.$$