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СТРОГО КОНВЕКСНИ И
РАМНОМЕРНО КОНВЕКСНИ
НОРМИРАНИ ПРОСТОРИ

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1), 2)

1.

1.1. L $\|\cdot\|$

L :

i) $\|a\| \geq 0, \quad a \in L \quad \|a\| = 0 \quad a = 0;$

ii) $\|ra\| = |r| \|a\|, \quad a \in L \quad r \in \mathbb{R},$

iii) $\|a+b\| \leq \|a\| + \|b\|, \quad a, b \in L.$

$\|\cdot\| \quad L, (L, \|\cdot\|)$

iii)

1.2. $(L, \|\cdot\|) \quad x_i \in L, i = 1, \dots, n.$

) $r_i \geq 0, i = 1, 2, \dots, n,$

$\|r_1x_1 + r_2x_2 + \dots + r_nx_n\| \leq r_1 \|x_1\| + r_2 \|x_2\| + \dots + r_n \|x_n\|.$ (1)

) $r_1 > 0 \quad r_i \leq 0, \quad i = 2, 3, \dots, n,$

$\|r_1x_1 + r_2x_2 + \dots + r_nx_n\| \geq r_1 \|x_1\| + r_2 \|x_2\| + \dots + r_n \|x_n\|.$ (2)

) $\|r_1x_1\| = \|r_1x_1 + r_2x_2 + \dots + r_nx_n - (r_2x_2 + \dots + r_nx_n)\|$

(1)

$\leq \|r_1x_1 + r_2x_2 + \dots + r_nx_n\| + \|(r_2x_2 + \dots + r_nx_n)\|$

$\leq \|r_1x_1 + r_2x_2 + \dots + r_nx_n\| + (-r_2) \|x_2\| + \dots + (-r_n) \|x_n\|$

(2).

1.3. $(L, \|\cdot\|) \quad (1) \quad r_i = 1, i = 1, \dots, n$

$x_i \in L, i = 1, \dots, n$

$\|x_1 + x_2 + \dots + x_n\| \leq \|x_1\| + \|x_2\| + \dots + \|x_n\|.$ (3)

1.4. $(L, \|\cdot\|) \quad x_i \in L, i = 1, 2, \dots, n.$

$\|x_1 + x_2 + \dots + x_n\| = \|x_1\| + \|x_2\| + \dots + \|x_n\|,$ (4)

$\|r_1x_1 + r_2x_2 + \dots + r_nx_n\| = r_1 \|x_1\| + r_2 \|x_2\| + \dots + r_n \|x_n\|,$ (5)

$$r_i > 0, i = 1, 2, \dots, n. \quad (5)$$

$$r_i = 1, i = 1, 2, \dots, n \quad (4)$$

$$r_i > 0, i = 1, 2, \dots, n.$$

$$r_1 = \max_{1 \leq i \leq n} r_i.$$

$$(4) \quad 1.2$$

$$\begin{aligned} \sum_{i=1}^n r_i \|x_i\| &= r_1 \sum_{i=1}^n \|x_i\| - \sum_{i=1}^n (r_1 - r_i) \|x_i\| = r_1 \sum_{i=1}^n \|x_i\| - \sum_{i=1}^n (r_1 - r_i) \|x_i\| \\ &\leq r_1 \sum_{i=1}^n \|x_i\| - \sum_{i=1}^n (r_1 - r_i) \|x_i\| \leq r_1 \sum_{i=1}^n \|x_i\| - \sum_{i=1}^n (r_1 - r_i) \|x_i\| = \sum_{i=1}^n r_i \|x_i\|. \end{aligned} \quad (1)$$

(5).

2.

2.1.

$(L, \|\cdot\|)$

$$\|x\| = \|y\| = 1 \quad \|x + y\| = \|x\| + \|y\|, \quad x, y \in L, \quad x = y.$$

2.2. $(L, \|\cdot\|)$

i) $(L, \|\cdot\|)$

$$ii) \quad \|x\| = \|y\| = 1, \quad x \neq y, \quad \left\| \frac{1}{2}(x+y) \right\| < 1.$$

$$\cdot \quad i) \Rightarrow ii). \quad \|x\| = \|y\| = 1, \quad x \neq y.$$

$$\left\| \frac{1}{2}(x+y) \right\| \leq \frac{1}{2} \|x\| + \frac{1}{2} \|y\| = 1.$$

$$\left\| \frac{1}{2}(x+y) \right\| = 1, \quad \|x+y\| = 2 = \|x\| + \|y\| \quad L$$

$$x = y, \quad \left\| \frac{1}{2}(x+y) \right\| < 1.$$

$$ii) \Rightarrow i). \quad \|x+y\| = \|x\| + \|y\| \quad \|x\| = \|y\| = 1. \quad x \neq y,$$

$$1 > \left\| \frac{1}{2}(x+y) \right\| = \frac{1}{2} \|x+y\| = \frac{1}{2} (\|x\| + \|y\|) = 1,$$

$$, \quad x = y, \quad \dots (L, \|\cdot\|)$$

2.3.

L

$x, y \in L$

$$\|x\| = \|y\| = 1, \quad x \neq y.$$

$$\left\| \frac{x+y}{2} \right\|^2 + \left\| \frac{x-y}{2} \right\|^2 = 1. \quad (1)$$

$$, x \neq y, \quad \left\| \frac{x-y}{2} \right\| > 0 \quad (1) \quad \left\| \frac{x+y}{2} \right\| < 1. ,$$

2.2 L . l^∞

2.4. .

$$\|x\| = \sup_{i \in \mathbb{N}} |x_i|, \quad x = (x_i)_{i=1}^\infty \in l^\infty$$

$$(l^\infty, \|\cdot\|)$$

$$x = (1 - \frac{1}{2}, 1 - \frac{1}{2^2}, \dots, 1 - \frac{1}{2^n}, \dots) \quad y = (0, 1 - \frac{1}{2}, 1 - \frac{1}{2^2}, \dots, 1 - \frac{1}{2^{n-1}}, \dots)$$

$$\|x\| = \|y\| = \left\| \frac{x+y}{2} \right\| = 1, \quad x \neq y, \quad l^\infty$$

2.5. . (Y, M) , \sim M ,

$$X = L^p(\sim), \quad 1 < p < \infty \quad X = \{f : Y \rightarrow \mathbb{C} : \int_Y |f|^p d\sim < +\infty\}.$$

$$\|\cdot\| : L^p(\sim) \rightarrow \mathbb{R} \quad : \|f\| = \left\{ \int_Y |f(x)|^p d\sim \right\}^{\frac{1}{p}}, \quad X = L^p(\sim).$$

$$\|f\| = \|g\| = 1 \quad f \neq g .$$

$$\begin{aligned} \|f+g\| &= \left(\int_Y |f(x)+g(x)|^p d\sim \right)^{\frac{1}{p}} \leq \left(\int_Y |f(x)|^p d\sim \right)^{\frac{1}{p}} + \left(\int_Y |g(x)|^p d\sim \right)^{\frac{1}{p}} \\ &= \|f\| + \|g\| = 1 + 1 = 2, \end{aligned}$$

$$r > 0$$

$$f(x) = r g(x) ,$$

$$\|f\| = \|g\| = 1$$

$$\begin{aligned} 1 = \|f\| &= \left\{ \int_Y |f(x)|^p d\sim \right\}^{\frac{1}{p}} = \left\{ \int_Y |r g(x)|^p d\sim \right\}^{\frac{1}{p}} = r \left\{ \int_Y |g(x)|^p d\sim \right\}^{\frac{1}{p}} \\ &= r \|g\| = r \cdot 1 = r. \end{aligned}$$

$$f \neq g, \quad \|f+g\| < 2, \quad \dots \quad \left\| \frac{f+g}{2} \right\| < 1,$$

$$2.2 \quad X = L^p(\sim)$$

$$l^p, \quad 1 < p < \infty \quad x = \{x_i\}_{i=1}^\infty$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^\infty |x_i|^p < \infty \quad L^p,$$

2.6. . $(L, \|\cdot\|)$

$$c > 0$$

$$\|tx + (1-t)y\|^2 \leq t\|x\|^2 + (1-t)\|y\|^2 - ct(1-t)\|x-y\|^2 \quad (*)$$

$$x, y \in L \quad t \in (0,1). \\ c > 0 \quad (*) \quad t = \frac{1}{2}, \dots$$

$$\left\| \frac{x+y}{2} \right\|^2 \leq \frac{\|x\|^2 + \|y\|^2}{2} - \frac{c}{4} \|x-y\|^2,$$

$x, y \in L.$

$(L, \|\cdot\|)$

$$c > 0, \quad L$$

L

$$c > 0. \quad \|x\| = \|y\| = 1 \quad \|x+y\| = \|x\| + \|y\|, \quad x, y \in L,$$

$$1 = \left\| \frac{x+y}{2} \right\|^2 \leq \frac{\|x\|^2 + \|y\|^2}{2} - \frac{c}{4} \|x-y\|^2 = 1 - \frac{c}{4} \|x-y\|^2,$$

$$\|x-y\| = 0, \quad x = y,$$

L

2.7.

$$c > 0$$

$$c > 0$$

$$c > 0$$

2.8.

$(L, \|\cdot\|)$

$(L, \|\cdot\|)$

b) $\|x+y\| = \|x\| + \|y\| \quad y = rx, \quad r > 0.$

c) $\|x-u\| = r \|x-y\|, \|y-u\| = (1-r) \|x-y\|, \quad r \in (0,1)$

$$u = (1-r)x + ry.$$

$\Rightarrow b).$

$(L, \|\cdot\|)$

$$\|x+y\| = \|x\| + \|y\|. \quad \left\| \frac{x}{\|x\|} \right\| = \left\| \frac{y}{\|y\|} \right\| = 1 \quad 1.4 \quad x_1 = x,$$

$$x_2 = y, \quad r_1 = \frac{1}{\|x\|}, r_2 = \frac{1}{\|y\|} \quad \left\| \frac{x}{\|x\|} + \frac{y}{\|y\|} \right\| = \frac{1}{\|x\|} \|x\| + \frac{1}{\|y\|} \|y\| = 2. \quad (L, \|\cdot\|)$$

$$2.2 \quad \frac{x}{\|x\|} = \frac{y}{\|y\|}, \quad \dots y = rx, \quad r = \frac{\|x\|}{\|y\|} > 0.$$

$b) \Rightarrow c).$

$b).$

$$\|x-u\| = r \|x-y\|, \quad \|y-u\| = (1-r) \|x-y\|, \quad r \in (0,1)$$

$$\|x-u+(u-y)\| = \|x-u\| + \|u-y\| \quad u-y = s(x-u),$$

$s > 0.$

$$(1-r) \|x-y\| = \|y-u\| = s \|x-u\| = sr \|x-y\|,$$

$$s = \frac{1-r}{r}, \quad u-y = \frac{1-r}{r}(x-u), \quad \dots u = (1-r)x + ry.$$

$c) \Rightarrow a).$

$c)$

$$\|x\| = \|y\| = 1, \quad \|x+y\| = \|x\| + \|y\|.$$

$u = 0,$

$$\|x-0\| = \frac{1}{2} \|x-(-y)\| \quad \|0-y\| = (1-\frac{1}{2}) \|x-(-y)\|, \quad \frac{1}{2} \in (0,1),$$

$c)$

$$0 = (1 - \frac{1}{2})x + \frac{1}{2}(-y), \dots x = y.$$

, $(L, \|\cdot\|)$

2.9.

1) $(L, \|\cdot\|)$

2) $\frac{1}{2} \|x + y\| = \|x\| = \|y\|, \quad x = y.$

3) $\|x + ry\| = 2\|x\| \quad r > 0, \quad x = ry, \quad r = 1 \quad \|x\| = \|y\|.$

4) $\|x + y\| = \|x\| + \|y\|, \quad x = sy \quad s > 0.$

5) $\|x - w\| = \|x - y\| + \|y - w\|, \quad y = (1-x)x + xw, \quad x \in (0, 1).$

6) $\|x + y\| = \|x - y\| = \|x\|, \quad y = 0.$

3') $\|x + ry\| = 2\|x\|, \quad r = \frac{\|x\|}{\|y\|}, \quad x = ry.$

4') $\|x + y\| = \|x\| + \|y\|, \quad \|y\|x = \|x\|y.$

1) \Rightarrow 2) \Rightarrow 3') \Rightarrow 4') \Rightarrow 1), 3') \Rightarrow 3) \Rightarrow 2), 4) \Leftrightarrow 5), 2) \Leftrightarrow 6) 4') \Rightarrow 4) \Rightarrow 2).

1) \Rightarrow 2). $\frac{1}{2} \|x + y\| = \|x\| = \|y\| = x, x \neq 0, \quad \frac{1}{2} \|\frac{x+y}{x}\| = \|\frac{x}{x}\| = \|\frac{y}{x}\| = 1.$

L , $\frac{x}{x} = \frac{y}{x}, \dots x = y$

2) \Rightarrow 3'). $\|ry\| = \|x\| = \frac{1}{2} \|x + ry\|, \quad 2) \quad x = ry.$

3') \Rightarrow 4'). $\|x\| \leq \|y\| \quad r = \frac{\|x\|}{\|y\|}.$

$$\|x + y\| = \|x + ry + (\|y\| - \|x\|) \frac{y}{\|y\|}\| \leq \|x + ry\| + \|\|y\| - \|x\|\|$$

$$\leq 2\|x\| + \|\|y\| - \|x\|\| = \|x\| + \|y\|.$$

, $\|x + y\| = \|x\| + \|y\|, \quad \|x + ry\| = 2\|x\|, \quad 3')$

$x = ry = \frac{\|x\|}{\|y\|} y.$

$\|x\| \geq \|y\|, \quad 3') \quad :$

$\|\frac{x}{r} + y\| = 2\|y\|, \quad r = \frac{\|x\|}{\|y\|}, \quad x = ry. \quad 4')$

4') \Rightarrow 1). $\frac{1}{2} \|x + y\| = \|x\| = \|y\| = 1, \quad \|x + y\| = \|x\| + \|y\| \quad 4')$

$\|y\|x = \|x\|y, \quad x = y.$

3') \Rightarrow 3) \Rightarrow 2), 4') \Rightarrow 4)

4) \Rightarrow 2). $\frac{1}{2} \|x + y\| = \|x\| = \|y\|. \quad 4) \quad x = sy$

$s > 0. \quad \|x\| = \|y\| \quad s = 1, \dots x = y.$

4) \Rightarrow 5). $5) \quad , \quad 4) \quad x - y = s(y - w),$

$s > 0. \quad , y = (1-x)x + xw, \quad x = \frac{s}{s+1} \quad x \in (0, 1).$

$$5) \Rightarrow 4). \quad 5) \quad y - w = (1-x)(x-w).$$

$$5) \quad x - y \quad x \quad y - w \quad y, \quad , \quad x - w$$

$$x + y$$

$$y = (1-x)(x+y), \dots x = S y, S = \frac{x}{1-x} > 0.$$

$$2) \Leftrightarrow 6). \quad 2) \quad x \quad x + y \quad y \quad x - y,$$

6).

2.10.

1.4

$$\|x_1 + x_2 + \dots + x_n\| = \|x_1\| + \|x_2\| + \dots + \|x_n\|, \quad (2)$$

$$\|r_1 x_1 + r_2 x_2 + \dots + r_n x_n\| = r_1 \|x_1\| + r_2 \|x_2\| + \dots + r_n \|x_n\|, \quad (3)$$

$$r_i > 0, i = 1, 2, \dots, n. \quad (L, \|\cdot\|)$$

$$(L, \|\cdot\|) \quad x_i \in L,$$

$i = 1, 2, \dots, n$

(2) (3)

$$\frac{x_1}{\|x_1\|} = \frac{x_2}{\|x_2\|} = \dots = \frac{x_n}{\|x_n\|}. \quad (4)$$

$$(4), \quad r_i > 0, i = 1, 2, \dots, n$$

$$\left\| \sum_{i=1}^n r_i x_i \right\| = \left\| \sum_{i=1}^n r_i \|x_i\| \frac{x_i}{\|x_i\|} \right\| = \left\| \sum_{i=1}^n r_i \|x_i\| \frac{x_1}{\|x_1\|} \right\| = \left\| \left(\sum_{i=1}^n r_i \frac{\|x_i\|}{\|x_1\|} \right) x_1 \right\|$$

$$= \left(\sum_{i=1}^n r_i \frac{\|x_i\|}{\|x_1\|} \right) \|x_1\| = \sum_{i=1}^n r_i \|x_i\|,$$

(3).

(2). $i = 2, 3, \dots, n$

$$\|x_1 + x_i\| \leq \|x_1\| + \|x_i\|.$$

$$\|x_1 + x_i\| \geq \left| \sum_{k=1}^n \|x_k\| - \sum_{k \neq 1, i} \|x_k\| \right| = \left| \sum_{k=1}^n \|x_k\| - \sum_{k \neq 1, i} \|x_k\| \right|$$

$$\geq \sum_{k=1}^n \|x_k\| - \sum_{k \neq 1, i} \|x_k\| = \|x_1\| + \|x_i\|,$$

$$\|x_1 + x_i\| = \|x_1\| + \|x_i\|. \quad , \quad L \quad , \quad 2.8 \quad -$$

$$x_1 = r_i x_i, \quad r_i > 0, \quad i = 2, 3, \dots, n. \quad , \quad \|x_1\| = r_i \|x_i\|,$$

$$r_i > 0, \quad i = 2, 3, \dots, n, \quad r_i = \frac{\|x_1\|}{\|x_i\|}, \quad i = 2, 3, \dots, n. \quad , \quad \frac{x_1}{\|x_1\|} = \frac{x_i}{\|x_i\|},$$

$i = 2, 3, \dots, n, \dots$

(4).

2.11.

$x \quad y$

$$\|x + y\| \leq \|x\| + \|y\| - (2 - \frac{x}{\|x\|} + \frac{y}{\|y\|}) \min\{\|x\|, \|y\|\}, \quad (5)$$

$$\|x+y\| \geq \|x\| + \|y\| - (2 - \|\frac{x}{\|x\|} + \frac{y}{\|y\|}\|) \max\{\|x\|, \|y\|\}. \quad (6)$$

(5) (6)

$$\cdot (L, \|\cdot\|) \quad x, y \in L$$

$$\|x\| < \|y\|.$$

$$\|x+y\| + (2 - \|\frac{x}{\|x\|} + \frac{y}{\|y\|}\|) \|x\| = \|x\| + \|y\| \quad (7)$$

$$r \in (0,1) \quad x = \pm r y.$$

$$\cdot \|x\| < \|y\|$$

$$\begin{aligned} \|x+y\| &= \|\frac{\|x\|}{\|x\|}x + \frac{\|x\|}{\|y\|}y + (1 - \frac{\|x\|}{\|y\|})y\| \\ &\leq \|x\| \cdot \|\frac{x}{\|x\|} + \frac{y}{\|y\|}\| + (1 - \frac{\|x\|}{\|y\|})\|y\| \quad (8) \end{aligned}$$

$$= \|x\| \cdot \|\frac{x}{\|x\|} + \frac{y}{\|y\|}\| + \|y\| - \|x\|$$

$$= \|x\| + \|y\| - (2 - \|\frac{x}{\|x\|} + \frac{y}{\|y\|}\|) \|x\|,$$

$$(7) \quad (8)$$

, ...

$$\|x + \frac{\|x\|}{\|y\|}y + (1 - \frac{\|x\|}{\|y\|})y\| = \|x + \frac{\|x\|}{\|y\|}y\| + \|(1 - \frac{\|x\|}{\|y\|})y\|. \quad (9)$$

, L

$$2.10 \quad (9)$$

$$\frac{x + \frac{\|x\|}{\|y\|}y}{\|x + \frac{\|x\|}{\|y\|}y\|} = \frac{(1 - \frac{\|x\|}{\|y\|})y}{\|(1 - \frac{\|x\|}{\|y\|})y\|}, \quad (10)$$

$$\cdot \cdot \quad x = (\|\frac{x}{\|x\|} + \frac{y}{\|y\|}\| - 1) \frac{\|x\|}{\|y\|}y. \quad r = (\|\frac{x}{\|x\|} + \frac{y}{\|y\|}\| - 1) \frac{\|x\|}{\|y\|}.$$

$$x = r y. \quad \|x\| < \|y\|, \quad 0 < r < 1.$$

$$\cdot \quad x = r y, \quad 0 < r < 1, \quad \frac{x}{\|x\|} + \frac{y}{\|y\|} = (1 + \frac{r}{|r|}) \frac{y}{\|y\|}.$$

$$1 + \frac{r}{|r|} > 0, \quad \|\frac{x}{\|x\|} + \frac{y}{\|y\|}\| = 1 + \frac{r}{|r|}, \quad \cdot \cdot$$

$$\frac{x}{\|x\|} + \frac{y}{\|y\|} = \|\frac{x}{\|x\|} + \frac{y}{\|y\|}\| \frac{y}{\|y\|}.$$

(10),

(9),

(8)

..

(7).

3.

3.1.

$$\cdot \quad x, y \in L.$$

$$[x, y] = \{r x + (1-r)y \mid r \in [0,1]\}$$

$$(\quad) \quad x \quad y.$$

$$(x, y) = \{rx + (1-r)y \mid r \in (0,1)\}$$

$x, y \in L$.

3.2. $(L, \|\cdot\|)$

1) $(L, \|\cdot\|)$

2) $\|x + y\| = \|x\| + \|y\|, \quad x, y \in L,$

$$[x, y] = \{rx + (1-r)y \mid r \in [0,1]\}$$

2). $x, y \in [x, y]$

$\{x, y\}, \dots, r \in \mathbb{R}, y = rx.$

$$\|x + y\| = \|x\| + \|y\|, \quad |1+r| = 1+|r|, \quad r > 0.$$

$$y = rx, \quad r > 0, \quad 2.8, \quad L$$

$$L, \quad \|x + y\| = \|x\| + \|y\|, \quad 2.8$$

$$y = rx, \quad r > 0, \quad x_t = tx + (1-t)y, \quad t \in [0,1].$$

$$x_t = (t + (1-t)r)x, \quad t \in [0,1], \quad t, p \in [0,1], \quad t + (1-t)r > 0$$

$$p + (1-p)r > 0$$

$$x_t = (t + (1-t)r)x = \frac{t+(1-t)r}{p+(1-p)r} (p + (1-p)r)x_p = \frac{t+(1-t)r}{p+(1-p)r} x_p,$$

$$t, p \in [0,1], \quad \{x_t, x_p\},$$

$$[x, y] = \{rx + (1-r)y \mid r \in [0,1]\}.$$

3.3. $L, \quad x, z \in L, \quad r > 0.$

$$B(x, r) = \{y \in L \mid \|y - x\| < r\} \quad x$$

$$r, \quad x = 0, \quad r = 1, \quad B(0,1)$$

$$B[x, r] = \{y \in L \mid \|y - x\| \leq r\}$$

$$x, \quad r, \quad x = 0, \quad r = 1, \quad B[0,1]$$

$$S(x, r) = \{y \in L \mid \|y - x\| = r\}$$

$$x, \quad r, \quad x = 0, \quad r = 1, \quad S(0,1)$$

$$B(x, r) \subseteq B[x, r], \quad B[x, r] = B(x, r) \cup S(x, r).$$

3.4. $L, \quad x, y \in L$

$$\|x + y\| = \|x\| + \|y\|, \quad \left[\frac{x}{\|x\|}, \frac{y}{\|y\|}\right] \subseteq S(0,1).$$

$$x, y \in L, \quad \|x + y\| = \|x\| + \|y\|. \quad 1.4$$

$$t, s \geq 0$$

$$\|tx + sy\| = t\|x\| + s\|y\|. \quad (1)$$

$$x, y, \quad r \in [0,1], \quad (1)$$

$$\|r \frac{x}{\|x\|} + (1-r) \frac{y}{\|y\|}\| = \frac{r}{\|x\|} \|x\| + \frac{1-r}{\|y\|} \|y\| = 1,$$

$$\left[\frac{x}{\|x\|}, \frac{y}{\|y\|}\right] \subseteq S(0,1).$$

3.5. \cdot L
 $\|x\|=\|y\|=1 \quad [x, y] \subseteq S(0,1) \quad x=y.$
 \cdot L
 $\|x\|=\|y\|=1 \quad [x, y] \subseteq S(0,1), \quad [x, y] \subseteq S(0,1), \quad r = \frac{1}{2}$
 $\frac{x+y}{2} = \frac{1}{2}x + (1-\frac{1}{2})y \in S(0,1), \quad \|\frac{x+y}{2}\|=1 \quad L$
 $x=y.$
 \cdot $\|x\|=\|y\|=1 \quad [x, y] \subseteq S(0,1) \quad x=y.$
 $\|x+y\|=\|x\|+\|y\|.$ 3.4 $[\frac{x}{\|x\|}, \frac{y}{\|y\|}] \subseteq S(0,1),$

$\frac{x}{\|x\|} = \frac{y}{\|y\|}, \dots x = \frac{\|x\|}{\|y\|}y.$
2.8 L
3.6. \cdot L
 $x, y \in S(0,1), x \neq y \quad \|rx+sy\| < 1, \quad r, s > 0 \quad r+s=1. \quad (2)$
 \cdot (2) $\|x\|=\|y\|=1, x \neq y. \quad x, y \in$
 $S(0,1) \quad r = s = \frac{1}{2} \quad \|\frac{x+y}{2}\| < 1, \quad 2.2$
 L
 \cdot $x, y \in S(0,1), x \neq y \quad r, s > 0,$
 $r+s=1 \quad \|rx+sy\|=1. \quad x, y \in L$

$\|x\|=\|y\|=1, x \neq y \quad r, s > 0, r+s=1 \quad \|rx+sy\|=\|rx\|+\|sy\|.$
1.4 $t, s \geq 0 \quad \|t(rx)+s(Sy)\|=t\|rx\|+s\|Sy\|.$
 $t = \frac{1}{2r}, s = \frac{1}{2s}, \quad x, y \in L$
 $\|x\|=\|y\|=1, x \neq y \quad \|\frac{x+y}{2}\|=1, \quad 2.2$
 L

3.7. \cdot C L
 $z \in C \quad (\quad) \quad C$
 $z = tx + (1-t)y, \quad t \in (0,1) \quad x, y \in C \quad x=y.$

3.8. \cdot L
 $S(0,1) \quad B[0,1]. \quad u \in S(0,1)$
 $u = tx + (1-t)y \quad t \in (0,1) \quad x, y \in B[0,1]. \quad u \in S(0,1)$
 $\|u\|=1 \quad x, y \in B[0,1] \quad \|x\| \leq 1 \quad \|y\| \leq 1.$
 $\|x\|=\|y\|=1.$
 $1 = \|u\| = \|tx + (1-t)y\| \leq t\|x\| + (1-t)\|y\| < 1,$
 \cdot
 $\|x+y\| \leq \|x\| + \|y\| = 2.$

$$\begin{aligned} \|x+y\| &= 2, \\ 1 &= \|u\| = \|tu + (1-t)u\| = \|t(tx + (1-t)y) + (1-t)(tx + (1-t)y)\| \\ &= \|t^2x + t(1-t)(x+y) + (1-t)^2y\| < t^2 + 2t(1-t) + (1-t)^2 = 1, \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \|x\| = \|y\| = \left\| \frac{x+y}{2} \right\| &= 1, \quad x, y \in L. \\ u &= \frac{1}{2}x + \frac{1}{2}y, \quad x = y, \dots L \end{aligned}$$

3.9. $L^p(\sim)$, 2.5 $L^p(\sim)$, $1 < p < \infty$

$$L^p(\sim) \quad 3.8 \quad L^p(\sim).$$

$$[0,1], \quad \|\cdot\|: \mathbf{C}_{[0,1]} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$$

$$\|x\| = \max_{s \in [0,1]} |x(s)|.$$

$$(\mathbf{C}_{[0,1]}, \|\cdot\|)$$

$$x(t) = 1, y(t) = 1-t \in \mathbf{C}_{[0,1]}$$

$$\|x\| = \max_{s \in [0,1]} |x(s)| = \max_{s \in [0,1]} |1| = 1 \quad \|y\| = \max_{s \in [0,1]} |y(s)| = \max_{s \in [0,1]} |1-s| = 1,$$

$$x, y \in S(0,1), \quad u(t) = \frac{1}{2}x(t) + \frac{1}{2}y(t) = 1 - \frac{t}{2}$$

$$\|u\| = \max_{t \in [0,1]} |1 - \frac{t}{2}| = 1, \quad u \in S(0,1)$$

$$B[0,1] \quad (\mathbf{C}_{[0,1]}, \|\cdot\|)$$

3.10.

$$M \subseteq L.$$

$$M \quad v \in L \quad \|u-m\| \leq \|v-m\|, \quad u \in L, m \in M \quad u = v.$$

3.11.

$$x, y \in L \quad [x, y] = \{tx + (1-t)y \mid t \in [0,1]\}$$

$$\{x, y\}.$$

$$L \quad x \quad y \quad v_t = tx + (1-t)y, \quad t \in (0,1)$$

$$[x, y].$$

$$u \in L$$

$$\|u-x\| \leq \|v_t-x\| = (1-t)\|x-y\| \quad (3)$$

$$\|u-y\| \leq \|v_t-y\| = t\|x-y\|. \quad (4)$$

$$(3) \quad (4)$$

$$\|x - y\| \leq \|x - u\| + \|u - y\| \leq (1-t)\|x - y\| + t\|x - y\| = \|x - y\|$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \|u - x\| = (1-t)\|x - y\|, \quad \|u - y\| = t\|x - y\| \\
 & t \in (0,1) \quad 2.8 \quad u = tx + (1-t)y = v_t, \\
 & v_t \quad \{x, y\}. \\
 & , \quad a, b \in L \quad [a, b] \\
 & \{a, b\}. \quad \|x\| = \|y\| = \left\| \frac{x+y}{2} \right\| = 1, \\
 & \|0 - x\| = \|x\| = \left\| \frac{x+y}{2} \right\| \leq \left\| \frac{1}{2}x + \frac{1}{2}(-y) - x \right\|, \\
 & \|0 - (-y)\| = \|y\| = \left\| \frac{x+y}{2} \right\| \leq \left\| \frac{1}{2}x + \frac{1}{2}(-y) - (-y) \right\|. \\
 & , \quad \frac{1}{2}x + \frac{1}{2}(-y) \quad [x, -y], \quad - \\
 & \quad \quad \quad \{x, -y\}, \quad \frac{1}{2}x + \frac{1}{2}(-y) = 0, \quad \dots \quad x = y, \quad - \\
 & L \quad .
 \end{aligned}$$

4.

$$\begin{aligned}
 & 4.1. \quad (L, \|\cdot\|) \\
 & \quad v > 0 \quad u(v) > 0 \quad \|x\| = \|y\| = 1 \\
 & \|x - y\| \geq v \quad \|x + y\| \leq 2(1 - u(v)).
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & 4.2. \quad . \\
 & \|x\| = (x, x)^2 \\
 & \quad \|x + y\|^2 + \|x - y\|^2 = 2(\|x\|^2 + \|y\|^2). \quad (1) \\
 & v > 0 \quad \|x\| = \|y\| = 1, \quad \|x - y\| \geq v, \quad (1)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$u(v) = 1 - \sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{v}{2}\right)^2} > 0$$

$$\|x + y\| = (4 - \|x - y\|^2)^{1/2} \leq (4 - v^2)^{1/2} = 2(1 - u(v)),$$

(L, (\cdot, \cdot))

$$\begin{aligned}
 & 4.3. \quad (L, \|\cdot\|) \quad L \quad - \\
 & . \quad (L, \|\cdot\|)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & x, y \in L \quad \|x\| = \|y\| = 1 \quad x \neq y. \quad v = \frac{\|x - y\|}{2}, \quad v > 0 \quad L \\
 & \quad \quad \quad u(v) > 0 \quad \|x\| = \|y\| = 1, \\
 & \|x - y\| \geq v
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\|x + y\| \leq 2(1 - u(v)) < 2, \quad \dots \quad \left\| \frac{x+y}{2} \right\| < 1.$$

2.2 \quad L

4.4. . 2.4 $(l^\infty, \|\cdot\|)$

4.3 l^∞

4.5. . $(L, \|\cdot\|)$

$\{x_n\}_{n=1}^\infty, \{y_n\}_{n=1}^\infty$

1) $\|x_n\| = \|y_n\| = 1$

2) $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \|x_n + y_n\| = 2$

$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} (x_n - y_n) = 0$.

$\{x_n\}_{n=1}^\infty, \{y_n\}_{n=1}^\infty$

1) 2), $\{x_n - y_n\}_{n=1}^\infty = 0$.

$v_0 > 0$, $\{n_k\}_{k=1}^\infty$, $\|x_{n_k} - y_{n_k}\| \geq v_0$, L , $u(v_0) > 0$

$\|x_{n_k} + y_{n_k}\| \leq 2(1 - u(v_0)) < 2$,

2).

$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} (x_n - y_n) = 0$.

L

$\{x_n\}_{n=1}^\infty, \{y_n\}_{n=1}^\infty$

1) 2) $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} (x_n - y_n) = 0$, L

$v > 0$, $u = \frac{1}{n}$, $x_n, y_n \in L$

i) $\|x_n\| = \|y_n\| = 1$,

ii) $\|x_n + y_n\| \geq 2(1 - \frac{1}{n})$

iii) $\|x_n - y_n\| \geq v$.

, ii)

$2(1 - \frac{1}{n}) \leq \|x_n + y_n\| \leq \|x_n\| + \|y_n\| = 2$, \dots , $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \|x_n + y_n\| = 2$,

$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} (x_n - y_n) = 0$, iii), L

4.6. . 4.5

$(L, \|\cdot\|)$

$\{x_n\}_{n=1}^\infty, \{y_n\}_{n=1}^\infty$

1) $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \|x_n\| = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \|y_n\| = 1$

2) $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \|x_n + y_n\| = 2$,

$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} (x_n - y_n) = 0$.

4.7. .

$(L, \|\cdot\|)$
 $v > 0 \quad x, y \in L \quad \|x\| = \|y\| = 1 \quad \|x - y\| \geq v$
 $L \quad x \neq y, \quad 2.2 \quad \|\frac{x+y}{2}\| < 1.$
 $f(u, v) = \|\frac{u+v}{2}\|, (u, v) \in L \times L$
 $K_v = \{(a, b) \in L \times L: \|a\| = \|b\| = 1, \|a - b\| \geq v\}$
 $f(u, v)$
 $K \quad L \quad M, \dots \quad a_0, b_0 \in K,$
 L
 $f(a_0, b_0) = M = \|\frac{a_0 + b_0}{2}\| < 1.$
 $u(v) = 1 - M > 0 \quad \|x\| = \|y\| = 1 \quad \|x - y\| \geq v$
 $\|\frac{x+y}{2}\| \leq M = 1 - (1 - M) = 1 - u(v), \dots \|x + y\| \leq 2(1 - u(v)),$

4.8.

4.3

$L = \{q(x) : q \text{ continuous on } [0, 1]\} \subset L$
 $\|p\| = \sqrt{\int_0^1 (p(x))^2 dx} + \sup_{0 \leq x \leq 1} |p(x)|, p \in L \quad (2)$
 L
 1) $\|p\| \geq 0, \quad p \in L \quad \|p\| = 0 \quad p(x) = 0, \quad x \in [0, 1].$
 2) $\} \in \mathbb{R} \quad p \in L$
 $\| \} p \| = \sqrt{\int_0^1 (\} p(x))^2 dx} + \sup_{0 \leq x \leq 1} | \} p(x) |$
 $= \sqrt{\int_0^1 (| \} | p(x) |)^2 dx} + \sup_{0 \leq x \leq 1} | \} | \cdot | p(x) |$
 $= | \} | \left(\sqrt{\int_0^1 (p(x))^2 dx} + \sup_{0 \leq x \leq 1} |p(x)| \right)$
 $= | \} | \cdot \| p \|.$

3) $p, q \in L$

$$\begin{aligned} \|p+q\| &= \sqrt{\int_0^1 (p(x)+q(x))^2 dx} + \sup_{0 \leq x \leq 1} |p(x)+q(x)| \\ &\leq \sqrt{\int_0^1 (p(x)+q(x))^2 dx} + \sup_{0 \leq x \leq 1} (|p(x)|+|q(x)|) \\ &\leq \sqrt{\int_0^1 (p(x))^2 dx} + \sqrt{\int_0^1 (q(x))^2 dx} + \sup_{0 \leq x \leq 1} |p(x)| + \sup_{0 \leq x \leq 1} |q(x)| \\ &= \|p\| + \|q\|. \end{aligned}$$

L

$$\{p_n\}_{n=1}^\infty \quad \{q_n\}_{n=1}^\infty$$

$$p_n(x) = \frac{1}{2}, \quad q_n(x) = \frac{1}{2}(1-x^n), \quad n = 1, 2, \dots$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \|p_n\| = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(\sqrt{\int_0^1 \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^2 dx} + \sup_{0 \leq x \leq 1} \frac{1}{2} \right) = 1,$$

$$\begin{aligned} \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \|q_n\| &= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(\sqrt{\int_0^1 \left(\frac{1}{2}|1-x^n|\right)^2 dx} + \sup_{0 \leq x \leq 1} \frac{1}{2}|1-x^n| \right) \\ &= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{2}{n+1} + \frac{1}{2n+1}} + \frac{1}{2} \right) = 1, \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left\| \frac{1}{2}(p_n + q_n) \right\| &= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(\sqrt{\int_0^1 \left(\frac{1}{2}|1-x^n|\right)^2 dx} + \sup_{0 \leq x \leq 1} \frac{1}{2}|1-x^n| \right) \\ &= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{n+1} + \frac{1}{4(2n+1)}} + \frac{1}{2} \right) = 1, \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \|p_n - q_n\| &= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(\sqrt{\int_0^1 \left|\frac{x^n}{2}\right|^2 dx} + \sup_{0 \leq x \leq 1} \left|\frac{x^n}{2}\right| \right) \\ &= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{1}{2n+1}} + \frac{1}{2} \right) = \frac{1}{2}, \end{aligned}$$

$$4.6 \quad (L, \|\cdot\|)$$

$$\|p+q\| = \|p\| + \|q\|.$$

$$p = r q, \quad r > 0,$$

2.8

L

4.9. $(L, \|\cdot\|)$

(1) $(L, \|\cdot\|)$

(2) $v > 0 \quad u > 0 \quad \|x\| = \|y\| \quad \|x-y\| \geq v \|x\|,$

$$\frac{1}{2} \|x+y\| \leq (1-u) \|x\|.$$

$$(3) \quad v > 0 \quad u' > 0 \quad \|x - ay\| = v \|x\|, \quad a = \frac{\|x\|}{\|y\|},$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \|x + ay\| \leq (1 - u') \|x\|.$$

$$(4) \quad v > 0 \quad u > 0 \quad \|x - ay\| \geq v \|x\|, \quad a = \frac{\|x\|}{\|y\|},$$

$$\|x + y\| \leq \|x\| + \|y\| - u \|x\| \quad \|x + y\| \leq 3 \|x\| - \|y\| - u \|x\|.$$

$$\cdot (1) \Rightarrow (2). \quad \|x\| = \|y\| = c \neq 0. \quad (1) \quad \left\| \frac{x}{c} \right\| = \left\| \frac{y}{c} \right\| = 1$$

$$\left\| \frac{x-y}{c} \right\| \geq v \quad \frac{1}{2} \left\| \frac{x+y}{c} \right\| \leq 1 - u, \quad \dots \quad \frac{1}{2} \|x + y\| \leq (1 - u) \|x\|.$$

$$(2) \Rightarrow (3). \quad \|x\| = \left\| \frac{\|x\|}{\|y\|} y \right\| = \|ay\|. \quad (2) \quad y \quad ay$$

$$\|ay\| = \|x\| \quad (3).$$

$$(3) \Rightarrow (4). \quad \frac{1}{2} \|x + ay\| \leq (1 - u') \|x\| \quad (3), \quad \|y\| \geq \|x\|,$$

$$\|x + y\| = \|x + ay + y(1 - a)\| \leq \|x + ay\| + (1 - a) \|y\|$$

$$\leq 2(1 - u') \|x\| + \|y\| - \|x\| = \|x\| + \|y\| - 2u' \|x\|.$$

$$\|y\| \leq \|x\|,$$

$$\|x + y\| = \|x + ay + y(1 - a)\| \leq \|x + ay\| + (a - 1) \|y\|$$

$$\leq 2(1 - u') \|x\| + \|x\| - \|y\| = 3 \|x\| - \|y\| - 2u' \|x\|.$$

$$u = 2u',$$

$$(4) \Rightarrow (1). \quad \|x\| = \|y\| = 1, \quad (4) \quad \|x + y\| \leq 2 - u' \|x\|,$$

$$u = \frac{1}{2} u',$$

L

4.10.

2.5

(Y, M)

M ,

$X = L^p(-), 1 < p < \infty,$

[1].

$L^p, 1 < p < \infty$

$L^p, 1 < p < \infty$

4.11.

$S(0,1) \quad L.$

{

$[0, 2],$

$(0, 2).$

$(L, \|\cdot\|)$

{ $(1) = 1,$

$h(t) = \inf\{\|x + ty\| + \{\|x - ty\| - 2, \|x\| = \|y\| = 1\}$

$h(t) > 0, \quad t \in (0, 1].$

L

{

$h(t) > 0,$

$$t \in (0,1].$$

$$t_0 \in (0,1]$$

$$h(t_0) = 0.$$

$$h(t)$$

$$\{x_n\}_{n=1}^\infty \quad \{y_n\}_{n=1}^\infty$$

$$\|x_n\| = \|y_n\| = 1$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} (\{ \|x_n + t_0 y_n\| \} + \{ \|x_n - t_0 y_n\| \}) = 2. \quad (2)$$

$$, \quad \{ \quad \quad \quad \} \quad \{ (1) = 1, \quad \quad \quad \}$$

$$2 \leq 2 \left\{ \left(\frac{\|x_n + t_0 y_n\| + \|x_n - t_0 y_n\|}{2} \right) \right\} \leq \{ \|x_n + t_0 y_n\| \} + \{ \|x_n - t_0 y_n\| \} \rightarrow 2, \quad n \rightarrow \infty.$$

$$1 \leq \left\{ \left(\frac{\|x_n + t_0 y_n\| + \|x_n - t_0 y_n\|}{2} \right) \right\} \rightarrow 1, \quad n \rightarrow \infty. \quad (3)$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \| \|x_n + t_0 y_n\| - \|x_n - t_0 y_n\| \| = 0. \quad (4)$$

$$, \quad \{ \quad \quad \quad \} \quad \{^{-1}, \quad \quad \quad \}$$

$$\{^{-1}(1) = 1. \quad (3)$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} (\|x_n + t_0 y_n\| + \|x_n - t_0 y_n\|) = 2. \quad (5)$$

$$, \quad (4) \quad (5)$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \|x_n + t_0 y_n\| = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \|x_n - t_0 y_n\| = 1$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \|x_n + t_0 y_n + (x_n - t_0 y_n)\| = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} 2 \|x_n\| = 2,$$

$$(L, \|\cdot\|) \quad \quad \quad 4.6$$

$$2t_0 = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} 2t_0 \|y_n\| = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \|x_n + t_0 y_n - (x_n - t_0 y_n)\| = 0,$$

$$h(t) > 0,$$

$$t \in (0,1].$$

$$, \quad \quad \quad L \quad \quad \quad .$$

$$x, y \in L, \quad \|x\| = \|y\| = 1,$$

$$f_{x,y}(t) = \{ \|x + ty\| \} + \{ \|x - ty\| \} - 2$$

$$, \quad f_{x,y}(t) \geq 0, \quad f_{x,y}(0) = 0.$$

$$h(t) = \inf_{x,y} f_{x,y}(t)$$

$$h(t)$$

$$[0,1],$$

$$x, y \in L$$

$$\|x\| \geq \|y\|, \quad x \neq 0$$

$$\left\{ \left(\frac{\|x+y\|}{\|x\|} \right) \right\} + \left\{ \left(\frac{\|x-y\|}{\|x\|} \right) \right\} - 2 \geq h\left(\frac{\|y\|}{\|x\|} \right).$$

$$, \quad \quad \quad u, v \quad \quad \quad \|u\| = \|v\| = 1 \quad \quad \quad \|u - v\| \leq \|u + v\|$$

$$2 \left\{ \left(\frac{2}{\|u+v\|} \right) \right\} - 2 \geq h\left(\frac{\|u-v\|}{\|u+v\|} \right) \geq h\left(\frac{\|u-v\|}{2} \right).$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \{x_n\} \quad \{y_n\} \quad L \quad \|x_n\| = \|y_n\| = 1 \quad \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \|x_n + y_n\| = 2. \\
& \quad \quad \quad n \quad \|x_n - y_n\| \leq \|x_n + y_n\|. \\
& \{ \quad t = 1 \quad \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} h(\|x_n - y_n\|) = 0, \quad \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} (x_n - y_n) = 0, \\
& \quad \quad \quad 4.5 \quad \quad \quad L \quad .
\end{aligned}$$

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