

$\sin x \quad \cos x$

1.

1. M
 $F(x) \quad D \quad :$
 1° $x \in D, F(x) \leq M$
 2° $x_0 \in D, F(x_0) = M$.
 $y_{\max} = F(x_0)$.

2. m
 $F(x) \quad D \quad :$
 1° $x \in D, F(x) \geq m$
 2° $x_0 \in D, F(x_0) = m$
 $y_{\min} = F(x_0)$.

1. $k > 0, kM$ $kF(x)$
 $\circ D \quad M \text{ e } F(x) \quad D.$
 $\cdot \quad kM \quad kF(x) \quad D. \quad 1$

1° $x \in D, kF(x) \leq kM$
 2° $x_0 \in D, kF(x_0) = kM$.
 $\frac{1}{k} > 0$

3° $x \in D, F(x) \leq M$
 4° $x_0 \in D, F(x_0) = M$,
 $M \text{ e } F(x)$.

$M \quad F(x) \quad \circ D. \quad 1$

5° $x \in D, F(x) \leq M$

6° $x_0 \in D, F(x_0) = M$

5° 6° $k > 0$

7° $x \in D, kF(x) \leq kM$

8° $x_0 \in D, kF(x_0) = kM,$
 $kM \quad kF(x) \quad D. \blacklozenge$

2, 3 4 1.

| | | | | | |
|-----|----|----------|------|---------------|---|
| | 2. | $k > 0,$ | km | $kF(x)$ | - |
| o D | | $m \in$ | | $F(x) \in D.$ | |
| | 3. | $k < 0,$ | km | $kF(x)$ | - |
| o D | | $m \in$ | | $F(x) \in D.$ | |
| | 4. | $k < 0,$ | kM | $kF(x)$ | - |
| o D | | $M \in$ | | $F(x) \in D.$ | |

2.

$\sin x \quad \cos x,$

$-1 \leq \sin x \leq 1, -1 \leq \cos x \leq 1,$

1.

$f(x) = 4 - 3 \cos x, x \in \mathbf{R}.$

$-1 \leq \cos x \leq 1$

$3 \geq -3 \cos x \geq -3,$

$7 \geq \underbrace{4 - 3 \cos x}_{f(x)} \geq 1$

$f(x) \in [1, 7]. \blacklozenge$

2.

$y = \frac{3}{\sqrt{2}} \cos x + \frac{3\sqrt{2}}{2} \sin x, x \in \mathbf{R}.$

$\cos \frac{f}{4} = \sin \frac{f}{4} = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$

$\cos(x-t) = \cos x \cos t + \sin x \sin t$

$$y = \frac{3}{\sqrt{2}} \cos x + \frac{3\sqrt{2}}{2} \sin x = \frac{3\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}\cdot\sqrt{2}} \cos x + \frac{3\sqrt{2}}{2} \sin x = 3 \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \cos x + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \sin x \right)$$

$$= 3 \left(\cos x \cdot \cos \frac{f}{4} + \sin x \cdot \sin \frac{f}{4} \right) = 3 \cos \left(x - \frac{f}{4} \right).$$

, $y_1 = \cos \left(x - \frac{f}{4} \right)$ $y_{1\min} = -1$, $x = \frac{5f}{4} + 2kf$, $k \in \mathbf{Z}$

$y_{1\max} = 1$, $x = \frac{f}{4} + 2kf$, $k \in \mathbf{Z}$. , $y_{\min} = -3$, $x = \frac{5f}{4} + 2kf$, $k \in \mathbf{Z}$

$y_{\max} = 3$, $x = \frac{f}{4} + 2kf$, $k \in \mathbf{Z}$. ♦

3.

$$f(x) = \sqrt{3} \cos 2x + \sin 2x, \quad x \in [0, f].$$

$$\cos \frac{f}{6} = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}, \quad \sin \frac{f}{6} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\cos(x-t) = \cos x \cos t + \sin x \sin t$$

$$f(x) = \sqrt{3} \cos 2x + \sin 2x = 2 \cdot \frac{1}{2} (\sqrt{3} \cos 2x + \sin 2x)$$

$$= 2 \left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \cos 2x + \frac{1}{2} \sin 2x \right) = 2 \cos \left(\frac{f}{6} - 2x \right) = 2 \cos \left(2x - \frac{f}{6} \right).$$

$$-1 \leq \cos \left(2x - \frac{f}{6} \right) \leq 1, \quad -2 \leq 2 \cos \left(2x - \frac{f}{6} \right) \leq 2,$$

$$f(x) \in [-2, 2]. \quad , \quad f_{\min} = -2 \quad \cos \left(2x - \frac{f}{6} \right) = -1 \quad \dots \quad 2x - \frac{f}{6} = f + 2kf,$$

$$k \in \mathbf{Z} \quad x = \frac{7f}{12} + 2kf, \quad k \in \mathbf{Z}. \quad , \quad x \in [0, f] \quad f_{\min} = -2 \quad x = \frac{7f}{12}.$$

$$, \quad f_{\max} = 2, \quad x = \frac{f}{12}. \quad \blacklozenge$$

4.

$$y = \cos 2x - 4 \sin x.$$

$$y = \cos 2x - 4 \sin x = \cos^2 x - \sin^2 x - 4 \sin x$$

$$= 1 - 2 \sin^2 x - 4 \sin x = -2 \left(\sin^2 x + 2 \sin x - \frac{1}{2} \right)$$

$$= -2 \left[(\sin x + 1)^2 - 1 - \frac{1}{2} \right] = -2 \left(\sin x + 1 \right)^2 + 3.$$

$$, \quad y_{\max} = 3, \quad \sin x + 1 = 0, \quad \dots \quad x = \frac{3f}{2} + 2kf, \quad k \in \mathbf{Z}$$

$$y_{\min} = -5, \quad \sin x + 1 = \pm 2, \quad \dots \quad x = \frac{f}{2} + kf, \quad k \in \mathbf{Z}. \quad \blacklozenge$$

5.

$$y = 3 + 4 \cos x + \cos 2x$$

$x \in \mathbf{R}$.

$$y = 3 + 4 \cos x + \cos 2x = 3 + 4 \cos x + \cos^2 x - \sin^2 x$$

$$= 3 + 4 \cos x + 2 \cos^2 x - 1 = 2 \cos^2 x + 4 \cos x + 2 = 2 (\cos x + 1)^2.$$

$$, 2(\cos x + 1)^2 \geq 0, \quad x \in \mathbf{R},$$

$$x \in \mathbf{R} . \blacklozenge$$

$$6. \quad y = (\operatorname{tg} x + \operatorname{ctg} x)^4 .$$

$$y = (\operatorname{tg} x + \operatorname{ctg} x)^4 = \left(\frac{\sin x}{\cos x} + \frac{\cos x}{\sin x}\right)^4 = \left(\frac{\sin^2 x + \cos^2 x}{\sin x \cos x}\right)^4 = \left(\frac{2}{\sin 2x}\right)^4 = \frac{16}{\sin^4 2x} .$$

$$\frac{16}{\sin^4 2x}$$

$$, \quad \max\{\sin^4 2x \mid x \in \mathbf{R}\} = 1 \quad x = \frac{f}{4} + \frac{kf}{2}, \quad k \in \mathbf{Z}$$

$$y_{\min} = 16, \quad x = \frac{f}{4} + \frac{kf}{2}, \quad k \in \mathbf{Z} . \blacklozenge$$

$$7. \quad y = \frac{1}{\cos^6 x} + \frac{1}{\sin^6 x} .$$

$$y = \frac{\sin^6 x + \cos^6 x}{\sin^6 x \cos^6 x} = \frac{(\sin^2 x + \cos^2 x)(\cos^4 x - \sin^2 x \cos^2 x + \sin^4 x)}{\frac{2^6}{2^6} \cdot \sin^6 x \cos^6 x} = \frac{\sin^4 x + 2\sin^2 x \cos^2 x + \cos^4 x - 3\sin^2 x \cos^2 x}{\frac{\sin^6 2x}{2^6}}$$

$$= \frac{2^6[(\sin^2 x + \cos^2 x)^2 - \frac{3}{4}\sin^2 2x]}{\sin^6 2x} = \frac{2^6(1 - \frac{3}{4}\sin^2 2x)}{\sin^6 2x} = \frac{2^4(4 - 3\sin^2 2x)}{\sin^6 2x} .$$

$$\sin 2x = \pm 1, \dots \quad x = \frac{f}{4} + \frac{kf}{4}, \quad k \in \mathbf{Z} . \quad , \quad y_{\min} = 16 . \blacklozenge$$

3.

$$8. \quad \triangle ABC \quad a, a$$

$$r .$$

$$\triangle ABC$$

$$\frac{a}{\sin r} = \frac{b}{\sin s} = \frac{c}{\sin x} \quad b = \frac{a \sin s}{\sin r}$$

$$c = \frac{a \sin x}{\sin r} \quad L = a + b + c$$

$$L = a + b + c = a + \frac{a \sin s}{\sin r} + \frac{a \sin x}{\sin r} = a + \frac{a(\sin s + \sin x)}{\sin r}$$

$$= a + \frac{a}{\sin r} \cdot 2 \sin \frac{s+x}{2} \cos \frac{s-x}{2} = a + \frac{a}{\sin r} \cdot 2 \cos \frac{r}{2} \cos \frac{s-x}{2} .$$

, L , $\cos \frac{S-x}{2}$,
 $\dots \cos \frac{S-x}{2} = 1$, $\frac{S-x}{2} = 0$ $r + S + x = f$
 $S = x$. , $\triangle ABC$
 $\dots b = c$.
 $\triangle ABC$

:

$$b = \frac{a \sin S}{\sin r} = \frac{a \sin \frac{f-r}{2}}{\sin r} = \frac{a \cos \frac{r}{2}}{2 \sin \frac{r}{2} \cos \frac{r}{2}} = \frac{a}{2 \sin \frac{r}{2}}. \blacklozenge$$

9. $y = \sqrt{x^2 - 2x + 8}$.

$D_f = \mathbf{R}$ $x = \operatorname{tg} r$.

$$g(x) = x^2 - 2x + 8 = \frac{\sin^2 r}{\cos^2 r} - \frac{2 \sin r}{\cos r} + 8 = \frac{\sin^2 r - 2 \sin r \cos r + 8 \cos^2 r}{\cos^2 r}$$

$$= \frac{1 - 2 \sin r \cos r + 7 \cos^2 r}{\cos^2 r} = \frac{(\sin r - \cos r)^2}{\cos^2 r} + 7,$$

$g_{\min} = 7$, $x = \frac{f}{4} + kf$; $k \in \dots$, $y_{\min} = \sqrt{7}$. \blacklozenge

10.

$$F(x) = \frac{1+x^4}{(1+x^2)^2}.$$

$D_f = \mathbf{R}$ $x = \operatorname{tg} r$.

$$F(x) = \frac{1+x^4}{(1+x^2)^2} = \frac{1+\operatorname{tg}^4 \alpha}{(1+\operatorname{tg}^2 \alpha)^2} = \frac{1+\frac{\sin^4 \alpha}{\cos^4 \alpha}}{\left(1+\frac{\sin^2 \alpha}{\cos^2 \alpha}\right)^2} = \frac{\cos^4 \alpha + \sin^4 \alpha}{\cos^4 \alpha} \cdot \frac{1}{\frac{1}{\cos^4 \alpha}}.$$

$$= \cos^4 \alpha + \sin^4 \alpha = \dots = 1 - \frac{1}{2} \sin^2 2\alpha$$

, $0 \leq \sin^2 r \leq 1$, $F(x)$ $\sin^2 r$

1. $F_{\min} = \frac{1}{2}$, $r = \frac{f}{4} + \frac{kf}{2}$, $k \in \dots$, $x = 1$.

$F_{\max} = 1$ $r = kf$, $k \in \dots$ $x = 0$. \blacklozenge

4.

1. x ,

$$y = 2 \cos^2 x - 3\sqrt{3} \cos x - \sin^2 x + 5$$

2.

$$f(x) = \sin^6 x + \cos^6 x.$$

3.

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{\sin^2 x} + \frac{1}{\cos^2 x} + \frac{1}{\operatorname{tg}^2 x} + \frac{1}{\operatorname{ctg}^2 x}.$$