

1.  $P, Q, R: \mathbf{N} \rightarrow \mathbf{R}$

$x_0, x_1 \in \mathbf{R}$ .

$x_{n+2} + P(n)x_{n+1} + Q(n)x_n = R(n), \quad (1)$

$x_1, \quad R(n) = 0, \quad n \in \mathbf{N},$

$\{a_n\}$

(1)

$a_{n+2} + P(n)a_{n+1} + Q(n)a_n = R(n).$

1.

$x_{n+2} + P(n)x_{n+1} + Q(n)x_n = 0, \quad (2)$

$\{a_n\} \quad \{b_n\}$

$A, B \in \mathbf{C}$

$\{A \cdot a_n + B \cdot b_n\} \quad (2).$

$\{a_n\} \quad \{b_n\}$

(11)  $A, B \in \mathbf{C}.$

$(Aa_{n+2} + Bb_{n+2}) + P(n)(Aa_{n+1} + Bb_{n+1}) + Q(n)(Aa_n + Bb_n) =$

$= A[a_{n+2} + P(n)a_{n+1} + Q(n)a_n] + B[b_{n+2} + P(n)b_{n+1} + Q(n)b_n]$

$= A \cdot 0 + B \cdot 0 = 0$

$\{A \cdot a_n + B \cdot b_n\}$

(2).  $\blacklozenge$

2.  $\{a_n\}$

$\{b_n\}$

(2)

$A \in \mathbf{C}$

$a_n = Ab_n, \quad n \geq 0.$

$\{a_n\}$

$\{b_n\}$

2. )  $\{a_n\} \quad \{b_n\}$

(2)

$a_0 : b_0 = a_1 : b_1.$

)  $\{a_n\} \quad \{b_n\}$

(2)

$a_0 : b_0 \neq a_1 : b_1.$

. )  $\{a_n\} \quad \{b_n\}$

,  $a_0 = Ab_0 \quad a_1 = Ab_1,$

$a_0 : b_0 = A = a_1 : b_1.$

,  $a_0 : b_0 = a_1 : b_1 = A.$

$a_0 = Ab_0 \quad a_1 = Ab_1.$

$a_n = Ab_n \quad a_{n+1} = Ab_{n+1}.$  (11)

$a_{n+2} = -P(n)a_{n+1} - Q(n)a_n$

$= -P(n)Ab_{n+1} - Q(n)Ab_n$

$= A[-P(n)b_{n+1} - Q(n)b_n] = Ab_{n+2}.$

,  $a_k = Ab_k, \quad k \geq 0,$

$\{a_n\} \quad \{b_n\}$

)  $\blacklozenge$

1.  $\{a_n\} \quad \{b_n\}$

(2),

$\{x_n\} \quad (2) \quad A, B \in \mathbf{C}$

$x_k = Aa_k + Bb_k, \quad k \geq 0.$

$\{x_n\} \quad (2)$

$x_0 \quad x_1, \quad x_0 = a \quad x_1 = b.$

$A \quad B$

$\begin{cases} Aa_0 + Bb_0 = a \\ Aa_1 + Bb_1 = b \end{cases}, \quad (3)$

$k \geq 0 \quad x_k = Aa_k + Bb_k.$

$\{a_n\} \quad \{b_n\}$

2.4. )

$a_0 : b_0 \neq a_1 : b_1, \quad (3)$

$A, B \in \mathbf{C}$

$x_k = Aa_k + Bb_k, \quad k \geq 0. \blacklozenge$   
 (1).  
 2.  
 $\{a_n\} \quad \{b_n\}$   
 (2),  $\{x_n\}$   
 (1),  
 $\{y_n\} \quad (1) \quad A, B \in \mathbf{C}$   
 $y_k = Aa_k + Bb_k + x_k, \quad k \geq 0. \blacklozenge$   
 2.  
 3.  
 $x_{n+2} + bx_{n+1} + cx_n = 0, \quad b, c \in \mathbf{R}, \quad (4)$   
 (4)  
 $r^2 + br + c = 0 \quad (5)$   
 (4).  
 3.  $r \quad s$   
 (4).  $\{a_n\}$  (5)  
 $\{b_n\} \quad a_n = r^n \quad b_n = s^n, \quad n = 0, 1, 2, \dots$   
 (4).  
 $r$   
 (5) (4),  
 $r^2 + br + c = 0,$   
 $a_{n+2} + ba_{n+1} + ca_n = r^{n+2} + br^{n+1} + cr^n$   
 $= r^n(r^2 + br + c) = r^n \cdot 0 = 0,$

$\{a_n\}$   
 $a_n = r^n, \quad n = 0, 1, 2, \dots$   
 (4).  
 $\{b_n\} \quad (4).$   
 $a_0 : b_0 = 1 : 1 \neq r : s = a_1 : b_1,$   
 2 )  $\{a_n\} \quad \{b_n\}$   
 (4).  $\blacklozenge$   
 4.  $r$   
 (5)  
 (4).  $\{a_n\} \quad \{b_n\}$   
 $a_n = r^n \quad b_n = nr^n, \quad n = 0, 1, 2, \dots$   
 (4).  
 $\{a_n\}$   
 3.  $r$   
 $2r = -b.$   
 $b_{n+2} + bb_{n+1} + cb_n = (n+2)r^{n+2} + b(n+1)r^{n+1} + cnr^n$   
 $= nr^n(r^2 + br + c) + r^{n+1}(2r + b)$   
 $= nr^n \cdot 0 + r^{n+1} \cdot 0 = 0,$   
 $\dots$   
 $n = 0, 1, 2, \dots$   
 $b_n = nr^n, \quad (4).$   
 $b_0 : a_0 = 0 : 1 \neq r : r = b_1 : a_1,$   
 2 )  $\{a_n\} \quad \{b_n\}$   
 (4).  $\blacklozenge$   
 1. (4)  
 (5),  
 (4). 1  
 $\{x_n\} \quad (4),$   
 $A, B \in \mathbf{C}$   
 $x_k = Aa_k + Bb_k, \quad k \geq 0,$   
 $\{a_n\} \quad \{b_n\}$   
 3 4.  
 1.  
 )  $x_{n+2} - 3x_{n+1} + 2x_n = 0,$   
 $x_0 = 0 \quad x_1 = 1.$

$$) x_{n+2} - 4x_{n+1} + 4x_n = 0,$$

$$x_0 = 1 \quad x_1 = 4.$$

$$) x_{n+2} - 2x_{n+1} + 2x_n = 0,$$

$$x_0 = 1 \quad x_1 = 4.$$

. )

$$r^2 - 3r + 2 = 0$$

$$2 \quad 1 \quad \quad \quad \{2^n\} \quad \{1\}$$

$$x_n = A \cdot 2^n + B, \quad n = 0, 1, 2, \dots \quad A$$

B

$$\begin{cases} A \cdot 2^0 + B = 0 \\ A \cdot 2^1 + B = 1 \end{cases}$$

$$A = 1 \quad B = -1.$$

$$x_n = 2^n - 1, \quad n = 0, 1, 2, \dots$$

)

$$r^2 - 4r + 4 = 0$$

$$2. \quad \{2^n\}$$

{n2^n}

$$x_n = A \cdot 2^n + B \cdot n2^n, \quad n = 0, 1, 2, \dots$$

$$A \quad B$$

$$\begin{cases} A \cdot 2^0 + B \cdot 0 \cdot 2^0 = 1 \\ A \cdot 2^1 + B \cdot 1 \cdot 2^1 = 4 \end{cases}$$

$$A = 1 \quad B = 1.$$

$$x_n = 2^n + n2^n = 2^n(n+1), \quad n = 0, 1, 2, \dots$$

)

$$r^2 - 2r + 2 = 0$$

$$1-i \quad 1+i. \quad \{(1-i)^n\} \quad \{(1+i)^n\}$$

$$x_n = A(1-i)^n + B(1+i)^n, \quad n = 0, 1, 2, \dots$$

$$A \quad B$$

$$\begin{cases} A(1-i)^0 + B(1+i)^0 = 1 \\ A(1-i)^1 + B(1+i)^1 = 4 \end{cases}$$

$$A = \frac{1+3i}{2} \quad B = \frac{1-3i}{2}.$$

$$x_n = \frac{1+3i}{2}(1-i)^n - \frac{1-3i}{2}(1+i)^n, \quad n = 0, 1, 2, \dots \quad \blacklozenge$$

3.

$$f_0 = 0, f_1 = 1 \quad f_{n+2} = f_{n+1} + f_n.$$

$$0, 1, 1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 13, 21, 34, 55, 89, 144, \dots$$

1.

$$f_{n+2} = f_{n+1} + f_n, \quad (6)$$

$$f_0 = 0, f_1 = 1.$$

$$(6)$$

$$r^2 - r - 1 = 0,$$

$$a = \frac{1+\sqrt{5}}{2} \quad b = \frac{1-\sqrt{5}}{2}.$$

(6)

$$f_n = A\left(\frac{1+\sqrt{5}}{2}\right)^n + B\left(\frac{1-\sqrt{5}}{2}\right)^n.$$

$$f_0 = 0, f_1 = 1$$

$$A\frac{1+\sqrt{5}}{2} + B\frac{1-\sqrt{5}}{2} = 1 \quad A + B = 0$$

$$A = \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}}, B = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{5}}.$$

(6)

$$f_n = \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} \left[ \left(\frac{1+\sqrt{5}}{2}\right)^n - \left(\frac{1-\sqrt{5}}{2}\right)^n \right], \quad n \geq 0. \quad \blacklozenge$$

2.

$$) f_{n+m} = f_{n-1}f_m + f_n f_{m+1}, \quad n \geq 2$$



$$\begin{aligned} \sum_{i=1}^n (n-i+1)f_i &= \\ &= f_1 + (f_1 + f_2) + (f_1 + f_2 + f_3) \\ &\quad + \dots + (f_1 + f_2 + \dots + f_n) \\ &= (f_3 - 1) + (f_4 - 1) + (f_5 - 1) + \dots + (f_{n+2} - 1) \\ &= \sum_{i=1}^{n+2} f_i - n - f_1 - f_2 \\ &= f_{n+4} - (n+3). \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \sum_{i=1}^n if_i &= (n+1) \sum_{i=1}^n f_i - \sum_{i=1}^n (n+1-i)f_i \\ &= (n+1)(f_{n+2} - 1) - (f_{n+4} - (n+3)) \\ &= nf_{n+2} - (f_{n+4} - f_{n+2}) + 2 \\ &= nf_{n+2} - f_{n+3} + 2. \end{aligned}$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^n f_{2i-1} = \sum_{i=1}^n (f_{2i} - f_{2i-2}) = f_{2n} - f_0 = f_{2n}.$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^n f_{2i} = \sum_{i=1}^{2n} f_i - \sum_{i=1}^n f_{2i-1} = f_{2n+2} - 1 - f_{2n} = f_{2n+1} - 1$$

$$\begin{aligned} (-1)^k f_k &= (-1)^k f_{k-1} + (-1)^k f_{k-2} \\ &= (-1)^k f_{k-1} - (-1)^{k-1} f_{k-2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \sum_{i=1}^n (-1)^i f_i &= (-1)^1 f_1 + \sum_{i=2}^n [(-1)^i f_{i-1} - (-1)^{i-1} f_{i-2}] \\ &= -f_1 + (-1)^n f_{n-1} - (-1)^1 f_0 \\ &= (-1)^n f_{n-1} - 1, \end{aligned}$$

$$4. \quad f_n = \frac{a^n}{\sqrt{5}},$$

$$a = \frac{1+\sqrt{5}}{2}.$$

$$f_n = \frac{a^n - b^n}{\sqrt{5}}, \quad a = \frac{1+\sqrt{5}}{2}, \quad b = \frac{1-\sqrt{5}}{2}.$$

$$\left| f_n - \frac{a^n}{\sqrt{5}} \right| = \left| \frac{a^n - b^n}{\sqrt{5}} - \frac{a^n}{\sqrt{5}} \right| = \frac{|b|^n}{\sqrt{5}} < \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} < \frac{1}{2}. \quad \blacklozenge$$

$$\begin{aligned} 1. \quad & ) \quad x_{n+2} - 2x_{n+1} - 3x_n = 0, \\ & \quad \quad \quad x_0 = 3 \quad x_1 = 1, \\ & ) \quad x_{n+2} - 10x_{n+1} + 25x_n = 0, \\ & \quad \quad \quad x_0 = 2 \quad x_1 = -5, \\ & ) \quad x_{n+2} - x_{n+1} + x_n = 0, \\ & \quad \quad \quad x_0 = 2 \quad x_1 = 1, \\ & ) \quad x_{n+2} - 2x_{n+1} + 4x_n = 0, \\ & \quad \quad \quad x_0 = 1 \quad x_1 = 1, \\ & ) \quad x_{n+2} - 4x_{n+1} + 3x_n = 0, \\ & \quad \quad \quad x_0 = 10 \quad x_1 = 16. \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 2. \quad & ) \quad \sum_{i=1}^n f_{3i} = \frac{f_{3n+2} - 1}{2}, \\ & ) \quad \sum_{i=1}^n f_i^2 = f_n f_{n+1}, \\ & ) \quad \sum_{i=1}^{2n-1} f_i f_{i+1} = f_{2n}^2, \\ & ) \quad \sum_{i=1}^{2n} f_i f_{i+1} = f_{2n+1}^2 - 1, \\ & ) \quad \sum_{i=1}^n f_i^3 = \frac{f_{3n+2} - (-1)^n 6f_{n-1} + 5}{10}, \\ & ) \quad \sum_{i=2}^{n+1} \frac{f_i}{f_{i-1} f_{i+1}} = 2 - \frac{f_{n+3}}{f_{n+1} f_{n+2}}. \end{aligned}$$

$$3. \quad k, n \in \mathbf{N}$$

$$\frac{kf_{n+2} + f_n}{kf_{n+3} + f_{n+1}}$$

$$4. \quad x_1, x_2$$

10000.

$$x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n, \quad x_3$$

$$|x_1 - x_2|, \quad x_4$$

$$|x_1 - x_2|, \quad |x_1 - x_3|, \quad |x_3 - x_2|,$$

$x_5$

$$|x_1 - x_2|, \quad |x_1 - x_3|, \quad |x_1 - x_4|,$$

$$|x_2 - x_3|, \quad |x_2 - x_4|, \quad |x_3 - x_4|$$

$$x_{21} = 0.$$